GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:491
ANSWERED ON:27.07.2005
HEALTH CARE FACILITIES
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Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government has identified the immediate health care facilities needed by the people in the country;

(b) if so, the details thereof, State-wise;

(c) whether any Centrally-sponsored or externally aided scheme is being implemented in West Bengal to provide adequate health care facilities to the people of that State;

(d) if so, since when such a scheme is in operation;

(e) the allocation of funds made for the scheme during the Ninth Plan, year-wise; and

(f) the outcome thereof?

Answer

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH & FAMILY WELFARE (SMT. PANABAKA LAKSHMI)

(a)&(b): Health is a State subject. The Government of India in its National Health Policy 2002 recognises the need to ensure a more equitable access to health services across the social expanse of the country and achieve an acceptable standard of good health amongst the general population. The Policy covers wide ranging issues relating to Health Sector such as financial resources, equity, delivery of national public health programmes, health infrastructure, role of private sector, local self-government institutions and NGOs, health research, disease surveillance etc.

(c): The major Centrally Sponsored Schemes being implemented in the country including West Bengal, includes National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme (NVBDCP), National Leprosy Eradication Programme (NLEP), National Programme for Control of Blindness (NPCB), Revised National T.b. Control Programme (RNTCP) and National AIDS Control Programme (NACO). In addition a World Bank supported State Health System Project was initiated in the Ninth Plan at a cost of Rs.751.76 crores. This was completed in March, 2004.

(d): These programmes were launched in the following years:

Schemes/Programme	Year
NAMP (merged with NVBDCP in Xth Plan)	1953
NTCP(Revised as RNTCP in 1992)	1962
NPCB	1976
NLEP	1955
NACO	1992

(e)&(f): A statement is enclosed at annexures I and II. There are no year-wise allocations for World Bank funded State Health System Project. Funds were released as re- imbursement of expenditure to the State Government. The World Bank mission makes periodical review of disbursement and progress in respect of World Bank assisted projects.

Annexure -I

Funds allocated under the major disease control programmes during Ninth Plan in West Bengal

Scheme/Programme	Year	Malaria	TB	Leprosy	Blindness	AIDS

1997-98	465.28	817.01	640.66	56.75	100
1998-99	460.63	1052.71	452.85	141.70	350.00
1999-2000	296.26	2063.34	841.53	194.10	425.00
2000-01	354.86	1126.85	784.00	275.00	643.15
2001-02	589.86	1109.92	574.66	180.76	1059.50
Total (Ninth Plan)	2166.89	6169.83	3293.70	848.31	2577.65

Annexure-II

Achievement of National Disease Control Programme during Ninth Plan

(i) NATIONAL ANTI MALARIA CONTROL PROGRAMME

Year	ABER	API
1997	4.37	2.81
1998	3.90	2.12
1999	3.51	2.77
2000	3.62	1.76
2001	3.51	1.53
2002	4.70	2.34

ABER: Annual Blood Examination Rate (%)
API: Annual Parasite Incidence per thousand population

(ii) NATIONAL TB CONTROL PROGRAMME

	Sputum Examination		Sputum Positive	
Year	Target	Achievements	Targets	Achievements
1997-98	1136520	72046	37884	8858
1998-99	1136520	66048	37884	6964
99-2000	389860	85068	38900	15595
2000-01	395340	35820	39500	3721
2001-02	401000	35494	40100	3688

(iii) NATIONAL LEPROSY ERADICATION PROGRAMME

Year	Detection		Treatment			
	Target	Achievement	Targe	Achievement	Target	Achievement
1997-98	25000	38134	25000	38134	45000	60199
1998-99	40000	71728	40000	71728	70000	57138
1999-00	20000	52888	20000	52888	45000	64137
2000-01	18000	34619	18000	34619	30800	54689
2001-02	18000	46214	18000	46214	30800	35739

(iv) NATIONAL PROGRAMME FOR CONTROL OF BLINDNESS

Year	Cataract operations Performed	
	Target	Achievement
1997-98	168000	146405
1998-99	184800	169397
1999-00	200000	205790
2000-01	210000	176473
2001-02	220000	229665

(v) NATIONAL AIDS CONTROL PROGRAMME#

15 Major blood banks and 61 district blood banks have been established. 36 STD clinics have been set up. 10 Voluntary Counselling and Testing centers have been established. 37 Targeted Intervention Projects for vulnerable and marginalized high-risk behaviour group have been initiated.
= for the year 2001-02